```
FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:21:35 ON 10 MAR 2004
=> file biosis, caba, caplus, embase, japio, lifesci, medline, scisearch, uspatfull
=> e groot anne de/au
                  GROOT ANGELIQUE P/AU
E1
            9
                  GROOT ANGELIQUE P A/AU
E2
            1
E3
            3 --> GROOT ANNE DE/AU
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E4
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                  GROOT ARIEN/AU
            1
E6
            2
                  GROOT ARJAN/AU
E7
                  GROOT ARJAN J/AU
E8
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            1
                  GROOT ART/AU
E9
                  GROOT ARTHUR/AU
E10
           11
                  GROOT ARTHUR H J P/AU
           1
E11
                  GROOT ASTRID T/AU
           15
=> s e3-e5 and mycobact?
            3 ("GROOT ANNE DE"/AU OR "GROOT ANNE KLAAS DE"/AU OR "GROOT ANNE
L1
              S DE"/AU) AND MYCOBACT?
=> dup rem 11
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1
L_2
             3 DUP REM L1 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 3 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
1.2
      2002:336878 USPATFULL
AN
      Human T cell response to MHC-binding motif clusters
TI
        ***Groot, Anne De*** , Providence, RI, UNITED STATES
IN
      US 2002192233
                         A1
                              20021219
PΙ
                              20011109 (10)
      US 2001-44703
                         Α1
ΑI
      Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-813333, filed on 20 Mar 2001, PENDING
                         20000320 (60)
PRAI
      US 2000-190834P
DT
      Utility
FS
      APPLICATION
      MINTZ LEVIN, One Financial Center, Boston, MA, 02111
LREP
      Number of Claims: 12
CLMN
      Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
      7 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1431
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention provides ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis (Mtb)
       vaccine candidate peptides. The invention also provides a method for
       identifying Mtb vaccine candidate peptides as well as vaccines
       comprising these Mtb candidate peptides.
     ANSWER 2 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
L2
       2002:322061 USPATFULL
AN
      HIV vaccine candidate peptides
ΤI
         ***Groot, Anne De*** , Providence, RI, UNITED STATES
IN
                              20021205
PΙ
      US 2002182222
                         Α1
                         A1
                              20011026 (10)
      US 2001-55524
AΙ
      Division of Ser. No. US 1999-351036, filed on 9 Jul 1999, PENDING
RLI
      US 1998-92346P
                       19980710 (60)
                          19990108 (60)
      US 1999-115145P
       US 1999-130677P
                         19990423 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
```

```
MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS,, GLOVSKY and POPEO, P.C., One Financial
LREP
       Center, Boston, MA, 02111
      Number of Claims: 12
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
       11 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2025
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention provides HIV vaccine candidates that have "evolved" due to
AΒ
       gene shuffling in vitro for inclusion of "cross-clade" characteristics.
       The invention also provides a method for identifying HIV vaccine
       candidates that could be presented in the context of more than one HLA,
       due to the creation of promiscuous epitopes by gene shuffling.
     ANSWER 3 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
L2
       2002:221025 USPATFULL
ΑN
       Human T cell response to MHC-binding motif clusters
ΤI
         ***Groot, Anne De*** , Providence, RI, UNITED STATES
TN
                               20020829
PΙ
       US 2002119160
                          A1
                               20010320 (9)
ΑI
       US 2001-813333
                          A1
PRAI
      US 2000-190834P
                         20000320 (60)
דת
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS, GLOVSKY and POPEO, P.C, One Financial
LREP
       Center, Boston, MA, 02111
       Number of Claims: 12
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
       4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1408
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention provides ***Mycobacterium***
                                                     tuberculosis (Mtb)
       vaccine candidate peptides. The invention also provides a method for
       identifying Mtb vaccine candidate peptides as well as vaccines
       comprising these Mtb candidate peptides.
=> e de groot anne/au
                   DE GROOT ANE JAN/AU
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                   DE GROOT ANGELIQUE/AU
E2
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             7 --> DE GROOT ANNE/AU
E3
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E6
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                   DE GROOT ANTHONIUS DANIEL/AU
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E10
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E11
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E12
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=> s e3-e5 and mycobact?
            10 ("DE GROOT ANNE"/AU OR "DE GROOT ANNE KLAAS"/AU OR "DE GROOT
L3
               ANNE S"/AU) AND MYCOBACT?
=> dup rem 13
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3
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8 DUP REM L3 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

- ANSWER 1 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN L4
- 2001:449835 BIOSIS AN
- DN PREV200100449835
- From genome to vaccine: In silico predictions, ex vivo verification. TI
- [Reprint author]; Bosma, Andrew; Chinai, ***De Groot, Anne S.*** ΑU Natasha; Frost, Julie; Jesdale, Bill M.; Gonzalez, Michael A.; Martin, William; Saint-Aubin, Caitlin
- TB/HIV Research Laboratory, Brown University, Providence, RI, 02912, USA CS anne degroot@brown.edu
- Vaccine, (14 August, 2001) Vol. 19, No. 31, pp. 4385-4395. print. SO CODEN: VACCDE. ISSN: 0264-410X.
- Article DT
- English LA
- Entered STN: 19 Sep 2001 ED
- Last Updated on STN: 22 Feb 2002
- Bioinformatics tools enable researchers to move rapidly from genome AB sequence to vaccine design. EpiMer and EpiMatrix are computer-driven pattern-matching algorithms that identify T cell epitopes. Conservatrix, BlastiMer, and Patent-Blast permit the analysis of protein sequences for highly conserved regions, for homology with other known proteins, and for homology with previously patented epitopes, respectively. applications of these tools to epitope-driven vaccine design are described in this review. Using Conservatrix and EpiMatrix, we analyzed more than 10000 HIV-1 sequences and identified peptides that were potentially immunostimulatory and highly conserved across HIV-1 clades. MHC binding assays and CTL assays have been carried out: 50 (69%) of the 72 candidate epitopes bound in assays with cell lines expressing the corresponding MHC molecule; 15 of the 24 B7 peptides (63%) stimulated gamma-interferon release in ELISpot assays. These results lend support to the bioinformatics approach to selecting novel, conserved, HIV-1 CTL epitopes. EpiMatrix was also applied to the entire 'proteome' derived from two
 - tuberculosis (Mtb) genomes. Using EpiMatrix, ***Mycobacterium*** BlastiMer, and Patent-Blast, we narrowed the list of putative Mtb epitopes to be tested in vitro from 1 600 000 to 3000, a 99.8% reduction. The pace of vaccine design will accelerate when these and other bioinformatics tools are systematically applied to whole genomes and used in combination with in vitro methods for screening and confirming epitopes.
- ANSWER 2 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN L4
- 1996:399095 BIOSIS AN
- PREV199699121451 DN
- A novel algorithm for the efficient identification of T-cell epitopes: Prediction and testing of candidate tuberculosis vaccine peptides in genetically diverse populations.
- [Reprint author]; Roberts, Caroline G. P. ***De Groot, Anne S.*** ΑU [Reprint author]; Edelson, Brian T. [Reprint author]; Meister, Gabriel E. [Reprint author]; Jesdale, Bill M. [Reprint author]; Houghten, Richard A.; Carter, E. Jane; Montoya, Jaime; Romulo, Rodriguo C.; Berzofsky, Jay A.; Ramirez, Bernadette D. L. L.
- TB/HIV Res. Lab., Int. Health Inst., Brown Univ. Sch. Med., Providence, RI CS 02912, USA
- Brown, F. [Editor]; Norrby, E. [Editor]; Burton, D. [Editor]; Mekalanos, SO J. [Editor]. Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor), (1996) pp. 127-134. Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor); Molecular approaches to the control of infectious

diseases.

Publisher: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 10 Skyline Drive, Plainview, New York 11803, USA. Series: Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor). Meeting Info.: Thirteenth Meeting. Cold Spring Harbor, New York, USA.

September 13-17, 1995.

ISSN: 0899-4056. ISBN: 0-87969-479-3.

DT Book

Conference; (Meeting)
Book; (Book Chapter)
Conference; (Meeting Paper)

LA English

ED Entered STN: 3 Sep 1996 Last Updated on STN: 3 Sep 1996

- L4 ANSWER 3 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1996:453255 CAPLUS

DN 125:165218

- TI A novel algorithm for the efficient identification of T-cell epitopes: Prediction and testing of candidate tuberculosis vaccine peptides in genetically diverse populations
- AU ***De Groot, Anne S.*** ; Roberts, Caroline G. P.; Edelson, Brian T.; Meister, Gabriel E.; Jesdale, Bill M.; Houghten, Richard A.; Carter, E. Jane; Montoya, Jaime; Romulo, Rodriguo C.; et al.

CS School Medicine, Brown University, Providence, RI, 02912, USA

- Vaccines 96: Molecular Approaches to the Control of Infectious Diseases, [Meeting on the Molecular Approaches to the Control of Infectious Diseases], 13th, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y., Sept. 13-17, 1995 (1996), Meeting Date 1995, 127-134. Editor(s): Brown, Fred. Publisher: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y. CODEN: 63CVAY
- DT Conference
- LA English
- The relation between clustering of MHC-binding motifs and immune responses provide support for the use of motif matching computer-driven algorithms, such as EpiMer, to predict promiscuous or "universal" epitopes. The EpiMer algorithm was used to successful predict known T-cell epitopes in ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis proteins. The algorithm also

epitopes that have not been previously investigated.

- L4 ANSWER 4 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
- AN 1995:466350 BIOSIS
- DN PREV199598480650
- TI Two novel MHC-binding motif-based T-cell epitope prediction algorithms: Prediction of epitopes for six ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis protein antigens.
- AU Meister, Gabriel E. [Reprint author]; Roberts, Caroline G. P. [Reprint author]; Edelson, Brian T. [Reprint author]; Berzofsky, Jay A.; ***De***

 *** Groot, Anne S.*** [Reprint author]

CS TB/HIV Res. Lab., Brown Univ., Providence, RI 02912, USA

Chanock, R. M. [Editor]; Brown, F. [Editor]; Ginsberg, H. S. [Editor]; Norrby, E. [Editor]. Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor), (1995) pp. 219-226. Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor); Molecular approaches to the control of infectious diseases.

Publisher: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 10 Skyline Drive,

Publisher: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 10 Skyrine Brive, Plainview, New York 11803, USA. Series: Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor). Meeting Info.: Twelfth Annual Meeting on Modern Approaches to New

Vaccines. Cold Spring Harbor, New York, USA. October 1994. ISSN: 0899-4056. ISBN: 0-87969-467-X.

DT Book

Conference; (Meeting)
Book; (Book Chapter)

Conference; (Meeting Paper)

LA English

ED Entered STN: 1 Nov 1995 Last Updated on STN: 1 Nov 1995

- L4 ANSWER 5 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 1
- AN 1995:345683 BIOSIS
- DN PREV199598359983
- TWO novel T cell epitope prediction algorithms based on MHC-binding motifs: Comparison of predicted and published epitopes from ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis and HIV protein sequences.
- AU Meister, Gabriel E. [Reprint author]; Roberts, Caroline G. P. [Reprint author]; Berzofsky, Jay A.; ***De Groot, Anne S.***
- CS TB/HIV Res. Lab., Brown Univ., Providence, RI 02912, USA
- SO Vaccine, (1995) Vol. 13, No. 6, pp. 581-591. CODEN: VACCDE. ISSN: 0264-410X.
- DT Article
- LA English
- ED Entered STN: 10 Aug 1995 Last Updated on STN: 10 Aug 1995
- We have designed two computer-based algorithms for T cell epitope AΒ prediction, OptiMer and EpiMer, which incorporate current knowledge of MHC-binding motifs. OptiMer locates amphipathic segments of protein antigens with a high density of MHC-binding motifs. EpiMer identifies peptides with a high density of MHC-binding motifs alone. These algorithms exploit the striking tendency for MHC-binding motifs to cluster within short segments of each protein. Putative epitopes predicted by these algorithms contain motifs corresponding to many different MHC alleles, and may contain both class I and class II motifs, features thought to be ideal for the peptide components of synthetic subunit vaccines. In this study, we describe the use of OptiMer and EpiMer for the prediction of putative T cell epitopes from ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis and human immunodeficiency virus protein antigens, and demonstrate that these two algorithms may provide sensitive and efficient means for the prediction of promiscuous T cell epitopes that may be critical to the development of vaccines against these and other pathogens.
- L4 ANSWER 6 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1995:839727 CAPLUS
- DN 123:311759
- TI Two novel MHC-binding motif-based T-cell epitope prediction algorithms: Prediction of epitopes for six ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis protein antigens
- AU Meister, Gabriel E.; Roberts, Caroline G. P.; Edelson, Brian T.; Berzofsky, Jay A.; ***De Groot, Anne S.***
- CS TB/HIV Research Laboratory, Brown University, Providence, RI, 02912, USA
- Vaccines 95: Molecular Approaches to the Control of Infectious Diseases, [Annual Meeting on Molecular Approaches to the Control of Infectious Diseases], 12th, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y., Oct., 1994 (1995), Meeting Date 1994, 219-26. Editor(s): Chanock, Robert M. Publisher: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y.

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CODEN: 61TGAQ
     Conference; General Review
DT
LA
     English
     A review with 7 refs. on the T-cell epitope predictive power of two
AΒ
                                       ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis
     algorithms, OptiMer and EpiMer.
     antiqens were used as sample antigens.
     ANSWER 7 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
L4
     1994:149553 BIOSIS
AN
     PREV199497162553
DN
     A longitudinal study of in vitro immune response to ***Mycobacterium***
TΙ
     tuberculosis in HIV-seropositive subjects.
     Fisher, Kimberly A. [Reprint author]; Phair, John P.; ***De Groot,
ΑU
Anne***
          S.***
  ***
     Brown Univ., Providence, RI, USA
CS
     Journal of Cellular Biochemistry Supplement, (1994) Vol. 0, No. 18B, pp.
SO
     131.
     Meeting Info.: Keystone Symposium on Prevention and Treatment of AIDS.
     Hilton Head Island, South Carolina, USA. January 23-30, 1994.
     ISSN: 0733-1959.
     Conference; (Meeting)
\mathtt{DT}
     Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
     English
LA
     Entered STN: 30 Mar 1994
ED
     Last Updated on STN: 30 Mar 1994
     ANSWER 8 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
L4
     DUPLICATE 2
     1993:469423 BIOSIS
ΑN
     PREV199345092548
DN
     T-cell responses to
                                                 tuberculosis antigens in the
                           ***Mycobacterium***
TΙ
     HIV-infected host.
                                  [Reprint author]; McGowan, Katherine; Scheib,
       ***De Groot, Anne S.***
ΑU
     Rochelle G.; Schmid, Chris H.; Lieberman, Judy; Wyler, David J.
     Div. Geographic Med. Infect. Dis., New England Med. Center. Hosp., Boston,
CS
     MA 02111, USA
     Ginsberg, H. S. [Editor]; Brown, F. [Editor]; Chanok, R. M. [Editor];
SO
     Lerner, R. A. [Editor]. Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor), (1993) pp. 251-257.
     Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor); Modern approaches to new vaccines including
     prevention of AIDS.
     Publisher: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 10 Skyline Drive,
     Plainview, New York 11803, USA. Series: Vaccines (Cold Spring Harbor).
     Meeting Info.: Tenth Annual Meeting. Cold Spring Harbor, New York, USA.
     September 1992.
     ISSN: 0899-4056. ISBN: 0-87969-383-5.
DT
     Article
     Conference; (Meeting)
LA
     English
     Entered STN: 11 Oct 1993
ED
     Last Updated on STN: 11 Oct 1993
=> e degroot anne/au
                   DEGROOT ALICE A/AU
E1
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                   DEGROOT ANDREAS R/AU
E2
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             4 --> DEGROOT ANNE/AU
E3
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                   DEGROOT B F/AU
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                   DEGROOT B J/AU
E11
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                   DEGROOT B L/AU
E12
=> s e3-e4 and mycobact?
             3 ("DEGROOT ANNE"/AU OR "DEGROOT ANNE S"/AU) AND MYCOBACT?
=> dup rem 15
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5
              3 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d bib ab 1-
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 3 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
1.6
ΑN
       2003:257264 USPATFULL
       Immunogenic, cross-clade, HIV peptides
ΤI
                             , Providence, RI, UNITED STATES
         ***DeGroot, Anne***
IN
       US 2003180314
                               20030925
ΡI
                          Α1
                               20020722 (10)
       US 2002-200708
                          Α1
ΑI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-351036, filed on 9 Jul 1999,
RLI
       ABANDONED
       US 1998-92346P
                           19980710 (60)
PRAI
       US 1999-115145P
                           19990108 (60)
       US 1999-130677P
                           19990423 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       LUANN CSERR, LAW OFFICE OF LUANN CSERR, SUITE 100, 166 WHEELER AVENUE,
LREP
       CRANSTON, RI, 02905-2710
       Number of Claims: 20
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       8 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 5326
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention provides Cross-clade candidates that have "evolved" due to
       gene shuffling in vitro for inclusion of "cross-clade" characteristics.
       The invention also provides a method for identifying Cross-clade
       candidates that could be presented in the context of more than one HLA,
       due to the creation of promiscuous epitopes by gene shuffling.
     ANSWER 2 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
L6
     2002:634271 BIOSIS
AN
     PREV200200634271
DN
     Computational methods for mapping T cell epitopes in the
ΤI
                            tuberculosis proteome: A streamlined approach to
       ***Mycobacterium***
     vaccine design.
     Sbai, Hakima [Reprint author]; McMurry, Julie [Reprint author]; Martin,
AU
     Bill; Rayner, James; Sherman, David R.; ***DeGroot, Anne S.***
     [Reprint author]
     TB/HIV Research Lab, Brown University, Providence, RI, USA
CS
     Tuberculosis (Edinburgh), (2002) Vol. 82, No. 2-3, pp. 123-124. print.
SO
```

Meeting Info.: 36th Annual Research Conference of the US-Japan Cooperative Medical Science Program Tuberculosis and Leprosy Panel. Louisiana, USA. July 15-17, 2001. ISSN: 1472-9792. Conference; (Meeting) DT Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract) English LΑ Entered STN: 12 Dec 2002 ED Last Updated on STN: 12 Dec 2002 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L6 2001:713381 CAPLUS AN135:271885 DN Predicting T-cell epitopes of ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis for ΤI vaccines using EpiMer algorithm ***Degroot, Anne S.*** INBrown University Research Foundation, USA PΑ PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent English LA FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE PATENT NO. _____ _____ ____ WO 2001070774 WO 2001-US8906 20010320 A2 20010927 PΙ A3 20020228 WO 2001070774 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2001-813333 US 2002119160 20020829 20010320 A1 20010320 20030102 EP 2001-918859 A2 EP 1268532 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR US 2001-44703 20011109 US 2002192233 A1 20021219 20000320 PRAI US 2000-190834P Ρ US 2001-813333 A1 20010320 WO 2001-US8906 W 20010320 The invention provides ***Mycobacterium*** tuberculosis (Mtb) vaccine AΒ candidate peptides. The invention also provides a method for identifying Mtb vaccine candidate peptides as well as vaccines comprising these Mtb candidate peptides. These peptides are recognized by HLA class II antigens and induce anti- ***Mycobacterium*** antibody responses. peptides were selected using EpiMer, a computer-based algorithm for predicting T-cell epitopes by searching for clusters of MHC binding motifs.